# **CONSTRUCTION DETAILS** FOR RESIDENTIAL FLOORS

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FSC

The mark of

# <u>N-U303 / April 2014</u>

OSB 7

1-1/2" 1-7/8"

NI-90>

2"

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NPG Lumber

23 piece

per unit

NI-90

-1/2"

2400f MSR

23 piece

per uni

OSB



Refer to the Installation Guide for Residential Floors for additional information ICC-ES EVALUATION REPORT ESR-1742

# WEB HOLE SPECIFICATIONS

- RULES FOR CUTTING HOLES AND DUCT CHASE OPENINGS 1. The distance between the inside edge of the support and the centerline of any
- hole or duct chase opening shall be in compliance with the requirements of Table 1 or 2, respectively.
- I-joist top and bottom flanges must NEVER be cut, notched, or otherwise modified.
  Whenever possible, field-cut holes should be centered on the middle of the web.
  The maximum size hole or the maximum depth of a duct chase opening that
- can be cut into an I-joist web shall equal the clear distance between the flanges of the I-joist minus 1/4 inch. A minimum of 1/8 inch should always be maintained between the top or bottom of the hole or opening and the adjacent I-joist flange.

## TABLE 1 LOCATION OF CIRCULAR HOLES IN JOIST WEBS

Simple or Multiple Span for Dead Loads up to 10 psf and Live Loads up to 40 psf

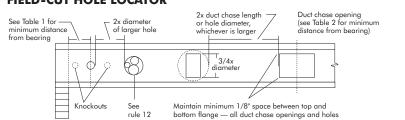
Joist Depth	Joist Series		Minimum Distance from Inside Face of Any Support to Center of Hole (ft - in.)													
		Round Hole Diameter (in.)														
		2	3	4	5	6	6-1/4	7	8	8-5/8	9	10 1	0-3/4	11	12	12-3/4
9-1/2"	NI-20	0'-7"	1'-4"	2'-8"	4'-0"	5'-5"	5'-9"									
	NI-40x	0'-7"	1'-4"	2'-8"	4'-2"	5'-8"	6'-2"									
	NI-60	1'-0"	2'-4"	3'-9"	5'-3"	6'-10"	7'-3"									
	NI-70	1'-10"	3'-3"	4'-8"	6'-2"	7'-9"	8'-3"									
	NI-80	2'-0"	3'-5"	4'-10"	6'-4"	8'-0"	8'-5"									
11-7/8"	NI-20	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-10"	2'-0"	3'-4"	3'-9"	4'-9"	6'-3"	7'-5"						
	NI-40x	0'-7"	0'-8"	1'-0"	2'-4"	3'-8"	4'-0"	5'-2"	6'-8"	8'-0"						
	NI-60	0'-7"	1'-4"	2'-8"	4'-0"	5'-5"	5'-10"	7'-0"	8'-8"	9'-9"						
	NI-70	1'-2"	2'-5"	3'-9"	5'-2"	6'-8"	7'-0"	8'-2"	9'-10'							
	NI-80	1'-4"	2'-8"	4'-0"	5'-4"	6'-10"	7'-3"	8'-5"	10'-2'							
	NI-90	0'-7"	0'-8"	1'-3"	2'-11"	4'-8"	5'-2"	6'-6"	8'-6"	9'-11"						
	NI-90x	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-8"	2'-3"	4'-2"	4'-6"	6'-0"								
14"	NI-40x	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-8"	0'-9"	2'-0"	2'-4"	3'-4"	4'-9"	5'-9"	6'-3"	8'-0"	9'-9"			
	NI-60	0'-7"	0'-8"	1'-3"	2'-6"	4'-0"	4'-3"	5'-3"	6'-9"	7'-9"	8'-3"	10'-2"	11'-10"			
	NI-70	0'-7"	1'-8"	3'-0"	4'-3"	5'-8"	6'-0"	7'-0"	8'-6"	9'-6"	10'-2"	12'-0"	13'-4"			
	NI-80	0'-8"	1'-10"	3'-2"	4'-6"	6'-0"	6'-3"	7'-4"	8'-10'	' 9'-10"	10'-6"	12'-3"	13'-8"			
	NI-90	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-9"	2'-3"	3'-10"	4'-3"	5'-6"	7'-3"	8'-5"	9'-2"	11'-2"	12'-9"			
	NI-90x	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-8"	1'-10"	3'-6"	4'-0"	5'-3"	7'-0"	8'-3"	9'-0"					
16"	NI-60	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-8"	1'-2"	2'-5"	2'-9"	3'-9"	5'-0"	6'-0"	6'-6"	8'-0"	9'-2"	9'-8"	11'-9"	13'-9'
	NI-70	0'-7"	0'-9"	2'-0"	3'-3"	4'-8"	5'-0"	6'-0"	7'-5"	8'-4"	9'-0"	10'-5"	11'-9"	12'-2"		15'-5'
	NI-80	0'-7"	1'-2"	2'-4"	3'-8"	5'-0"	5'-4"	6'-4"	7'-10'		9'-4"	11'-0"	12'-2"	12'-6"		16'-0'
	NI-90	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-8"	1'-6"	3'-0"	3'-5"	4'-6"	6'-3"	7'-3"	7'-10"	9'-8"	11'-0"	11'-6"		15'-3'
	NI-90x	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-8"	1'-10"	3'-4"	3'-9"	5'-0"	6'-6"	7'-6"	8'-3"	10'-0"	11'-5"	11'-10	)"	

1. Above table may be used for I-joist spacing of 24 inches on center or less

Hole location distance is measured from inside face of supports to center of hole.
 Distances in this chart are based on uniformly loaded joists.

4. The above table is based on the I-joists being used at their maximum spans. The minimum distance as given above may be reduced for shorter spans; contact your local distributor

### FIGURE 7 FIELD-CUT HOLE LOCATOR



# SAFETY AND CONSTRUCTION PRECAUTIONS



serious injuries can result

Never stack building materials

from building materials.

ver unsheathed I-joists Once sheathed, do not over-stress

AVOID ACCIDENTS BY FOLLOWING THESE IMPORTANT GUIDELINES:

. Brace and nail each l-joist as it is installed, using hangers, blocking panels, rim board, and/or cross-bridging at joist ends. When l-joists are applied continuous over interior supports and a load-bearing wall is planned at that location, blocking will be required at the interior support.

WARNING: I-joists are not stable until completely installed, and will not carry any load until fully braced and sheathed.

- . When the building is completed, the floor sheathing will provide lateral support for the top flanges of the I-joists. Until this sheathing is applied, temporary bracing, often called struts, or temporary sheathing must be applied to prevent I-joist rollover or buckling
- Temporary bracing or struts must be 1x4 inch minimum, at least 8 feet long and spaced no more than 8 feet on center, and must be secured with a minimum of two 8d nails fastened to the top surface of each I-joist. Nail the bracing to a lateral
- restraint at the end of each bay. Lap ends of adjoining bracing over at least two I-joists. Or, sheathing (temporary or permanent) can be nailed to the top flange of the first 4 feet of I-joists at the end of the bay. 3. For cantilevered I-joists, brace top and bottom flanges, and brace ends with closure panels, rim board, or cross-bridging.
- 4. Install and fully nail permanent sheathing to each I-joist before placing loads on the floor system. Then, stack building aterials over beams or walls only. 5. Never install a damaged I-joist.

mproper storage or installation, failure to follow applicable building codes, failure to follow span ratings for Nordic I-joists, I-joists with concentrated loads failure to follow allowable hole sizes and locations, or failure to use web stiffeners when required can result in serious accidents. Follow these installation guidelines carefully.

5. The sides of square holes or longest sides of rectangular holes should not exceed 3/4 of the 9. A 1-1/2 inch hole or smaller can be placed anywhere in the web diameter of the maximum round hole permitted at that location.

NI-20

ſ'n↓

S-P-F No.2

33 pieces

per unit

1-1/2<sup>#</sup> OSB 3/8"→

- 6. Where more than one hole is necessary, the distance between adjacent hole edges shall exceed twice the diameter of the largest round hole or twice the size of the largest square hole (or twice the length of the longest side of the longest rectangular hole or duct chase opening) and each hole and duct chase opening shall be sized and located in
- compliance with the requirements of Tables 1 and 2, respectively. A knockout is not considered a hole, may be utilized anywhere it occurs, and may be
- ignored for purposes of calculating minimum distances between holes and/or duct ise openings. 8. Holes measuring 1-1/2 inches or smaller are permitted anywhere in a cantilevered
- section of a joist. Holes of greater size may be permitted subject to verification
- provided that it meets the requirements of rule number 6 above 10

NI-80

3-1/2"

2100f MSR

23 piece

per unit

- All holes and duct chase openings shall be cut in a workman-like manner in accordance with the restrictions listed above and as illustrated in Figure 7.
- 11. Limit three maximum size holes per span, of which one may be a duct chase opening 12.
- A group of round holes at approximately the same location shall be permitted if they meet the requirements for a single round hole circumscribed around them

### TABLE 2 **DUCT CHASE OPENING SIZES AND LOCATIONS** Simple Span Only

NI-60

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2100f MSR

33 piece

per unit

NI-40x

-1/2"

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1950f MSR

33 piece

per unit

OSB 3/8

NI-70

1950f MSR

23 pieces

per uni

)-1/2" |1-7/8"

	Joist Series	Minimum distance from inside face of any supports to center of opening (ft - in.)										
Joist Depth		Duct Chase Length (in.)										
	Jenes	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24		
9-1/2"	NI-20	4'-2"	4'-7"	5'-0"	5'-5"	5'-10"	6'-2"	6'-8"	7'-1"	7'-6"		
	NI-40x	5'-2"	5'-7"	6'-0"	6'-4"	6'-8"	7'-2"	7'-7"	8'-1"	8'-8"		
	NI-60	5'-3"	5'-8"	6'-0"	6'-6"	7'-0"	7'-3"	7'-9"	8'-3"	8'-10"		
	NI-70	5'-1"	5'-4"	5'-9"	6'-1"	6'-6"	7'-1"	7'-4"	8'-0"	8'-3"		
	NI-80	5'-2"	5'-7"	6'-0"	6'-4"	6'-8"	7'-2"	7'-7"	8'-1"	8'-6"		
	NI-20	5'-9"	6'-2"	6'-8"	7'-1"	7'-5"	8'-0"	8'-4"	9'-0"	9'-5"		
	NI-40x	6'-7"	7'-1"	7'-6"	8'-1"	8'-6"	9'-1"	9'-7"	10'-2"	10'-9"		
	NI-60	7'-1"	7'-7"	8'-0"	8'-4"	8'-10"	9'-3"	9'-9"	12'-4"	11'-2"		
11-7/8"	NI-70	7'-0"	7'-3"	7'-9"	8'-1"	8'-6"	9'-1"	9'-6"	10'-0"	10'-5"		
	NI-80	7'-1"	7'-5"	8'-0"	8'-4"	8'-10"	9'-2"	9'-8"	10'-2"	10'-8"		
	NI-90	4'-3"	4'-10"	5'-4"	5'-11"	6'-6"	7'-1"	7'-8"	8'-3"	8'-11"		
	NI-90x	7'-6"	8'-1"	8'-4"	8'-9"	9'-2"	9'-8"	10'-1"	10'-7"	11'-2"		
	NI-40x	7'-9"	8'-3"	8'-10"	9'-5"	10'-1"	10'-7"	11'-3"	12'-1"	12'-9"		
	NI-60	8'-8"	9'-2"	9'-6"	10'-1"	10'-6"	11'-1"	11'-7"	12'-4"	13'-2"		
14"	NI-70	8'-6"	9'-1"	9'-4"	9'-10"	10'-2"	10'-8"	11'-2"	11'-8"	12'-4"		
14	NI-80	8'-9"	9'-2"	9'-8"	10'-1"	10'-6"	11'-1"	11'-6"	12'-1"	12'-8"		
	NI-90	5'-10"	6'-5"	7'-0"	7'-6"	8'-2"	8'-9"	9'-4"	9'-11"	10'-8"		
	NI-90x	9'-3"	9'-8"	10'-2"	10'-7"	11'-1"	11'-6"	12'-1"	12'-8"	13'-3"		
	NI-60	10'-1"	10'-7"	11'-0"	11'-6"	12'-1"	12'-7"	13'-4"	14'-2"	15'-0"		
	NI-70	10'-1"	10'-4"	10'-10"	11'-4"	11'-8"	12'-2"	12'-9"	13'-4"	14'-0"		
16"	NI-80	10'-3"	10'-9"	11'-2"	11'-7"	12'-1"	12'-7"	13'-2"	13'-9"	14'-6"		
	NI-90	7'-4"	7'-11"	8'-6"	9'-1"	9'-8"	10'-3"	13'-0"	11'-7"	12'-3"		
	NI-90x	11'-1"	11'-4"	11'-10"	12'-3"	12'-8"	13'-3"	14'-0"	14'-7"	15'-4"		

. Above table may be used for I-joist spacing of 24 inches on center or less.

 Duct chase opening location distance is measured from inside face of supports to center of opening.
 The above table is based on simple-span joists only. For other applications, contact your local distributor. 4. Distances are based on uniformly loaded floor joists that meet the span requirements for a design live

oad of 40 psf and dead load of 10 psf, and a live load deflection limit of L/480.

5. The above table is based on the I-joists being used at their maximum spans. The minimum distance as given above may be reduced for shorter spans; contact your local distributor.

Knockouts are prescored holes provided for the contractor's convenience to install electrical or small plumbing lines. They are 1-1/2 inches in diameter and are spaced 15 inches on center along the length of the I-joist. Where possible, it is preferable to use knockouts instead of field-cut holes

Never drill, cut or notch the flange, or over-cut the web

Holes in webs should be cut with a sharp saw.

For rectangular holes, avoid over-cutting the corners, as this can cause unnecessary stress concentrations. Slightly rounding the corners is recommended. Starting the rectangular hole by drilling a 1-inch diameter hole ners and then making the cuts between the holes is each of the four cor another good method to minimize damage to the I-joist.

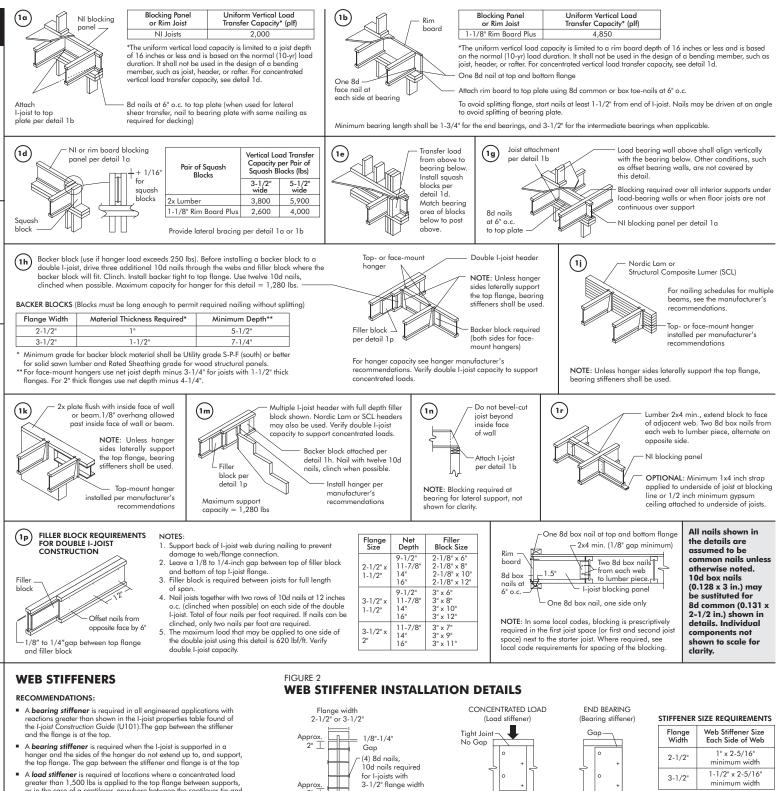
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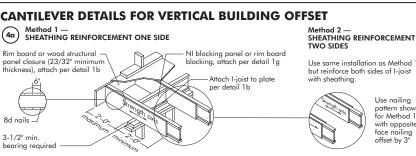


Chantiers Chibougamau guarantees that, in accordance with our specifications, Nordic products are free from manufacturing defects in material and workmanship.

Furthermore, Chantiers Chibougamau warrants that our products, hen utilized in accordance with our handling and installation instructions will meet or exceed our specifications for the lifetime of the structure.



- greater than 1,500 lbs is applied to the top flange between supports, or in the case of a cantilever, anywhere between the cantilever tip and the support. These values are for normal duration of load, and may
- be adjusted for other load durations as permitted by the code. The gap between the stiffener and the flange is at the bottom



NOTE: APA RATED SHEATHING 48/24 (minimum thickness 23/32") required on sides of joist. Depth shall match the full height of the joist. Nail with 8d nails at 6" o.c., top and bottom flange. Install with face grain horizontal. Attach I-joist to plate at all supports per detail 1b. Verify reinforced I-joist capacity



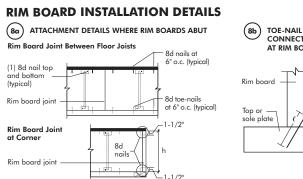
- No Gap

See the adjacent table for web stiffener size requirements

Use same installation as Method 1 but reinforce both sides of I-joist



Use nailing pattern show for Method 1 with opposite face nailing offset by 3"

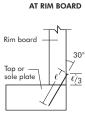


Tight Joint

No Gap -

Gap

1



CONNECTION